

January 2, 2018

VIA ELECTRONIC MAIL

FOIA Public Liaison U.S. Department of Education Office of Management Office of the Chief Privacy Officer 400 Maryland Avenue SW, LBJ 2E320 Washington, DC 20202-4536 EDFOIAManager@ed.gov

Re: Freedom of Information Act Request

Dear FOIA Public Liaison:

Pursuant to the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA), 5 U.S.C. § 552, and the implementing regulations for the Department of Education (Education), 34 C.F.R. Part 5, American Oversight makes the following request for records related to past and current staffing levels at the Office for Civil Rights (OCR) in Education.¹

Background

The current administration's proposed budget for FY 2018 contemplates deep budget cuts to Education including a reduction in agency staff.² The budget calls for reducing full-time staffing in OCR by 7 percent to 523 employees.³ Decrease in OCR staff would have a detrimental effect on the number of civil rights investigations and enforcements as fewer staff would enable OCR to take on fewer cases.⁴

⁴ Juliet Eilperin et al., *Trump Administration Plans to Minimize Civil Rights Efforts in Agencies*, WASH. POST, May 29, 2017, <u>https://www.washingtonpost.com/politics/trump-administration-plans-</u>



¹ OCR has the subject matter jurisdiction to investigate complaints involving Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, and the Boy Scouts of America Equal Access Act of 2001. *See Case Processing Manual (CPM)*, U.S. DEP'T OF EDUC. OFFICE FOR CIVIL RIGHTS *6-7 (Feb. 2015), https://www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/docs/ocrcpm.pdf [hereinafter *CPM*].

² Office of Mgmt. & Budget, *Budget of the U.S. Government: A New Foundation for American Greatness* *33 (May 23, 2017),

https://www.whitehouse.gov/sites/whitehouse.gov/files/omb/budget/fy2018/budget.pdf. ^a Andrew Kreighbaum, *Civil Rights Slow Walk?*, INSIDE HIGHER ED (June 6, 2017), https://www.insidehighered.com/news/2017/06/06/advocates-warn-cuts-office-civil-rights-wouldfurther-slow-resolution-title-ix-cases.

To assess the effects of potential staff cuts on education civil rights enforcement and compare current staffing levels to those in previous years, the general public is entitled to more information, related to both past and current staffing levels at OCR. Without this information, members of the public have no basis on which they can assess what staffing levels were under the previous administration, and whether OCR currently has the requisite personnel to enable it to effectively perform its functions. The public is entitled to know whether OCR has the manpower to investigate complaints so that they can make informed choices on whether to allocate time and resources to filing a complaint with OCR, or use other available avenues and grievance procedures.

Requested Records

American Oversight requests that Education produce the following within twenty business days:

Records sufficient to show current staffing levels at OCR, including but not limited to a search conducted in OCR's regularly updated staffing database to show:

- The number of people hired in FY 2012-13, FY 2013-14, FY 2014-15, FY 2015-16, FY 2016-17. Please provide updates to the number of people hired on a monthly basis.
- The number of people who have been terminated from or vacated their staff positions in OCR for FY 2012-13, FY 2013-14, FY 2014-15, FY 2015-16, FY 2016-17. Please provide updates to the number of people terminated on a monthly basis.
- Total full time equivalents (FTE) FY 2012-13, FY 2013-14, FY 2014-15, FY 2015-16, FY 2016-17. Please provide updates to the number of FTEs on a monthly basis.

American Oversight does not object to redaction from such records of any names or identifying information of agency personnel.

Please provide all responsive records for FY 2012–13, FY 2013–14, FY 2014–15, FY 2015–16, FY 2016–17. Please bear in mind that responsive documents might be dated outside of these fiscal years.

In addition to the records requested above, American Oversight also requests records describing the processing of this request, including records sufficient to identify search terms used and locations and custodians searched and any tracking sheets used to track the processing of this request. If Education uses FOIA questionnaires or certifications completed by individual custodians or components to determine whether they possess responsive materials or to describe how they conducted searches, we also request any such records prepared in connection with the processing of this request.

to-minimize-civil-rights-efforts-in-agencies/2017/05/29/922fc1b2-39a7-11e7-a058-ddbb23c75d82_story.html?utm_term=.0664bb85dbbe.

American Oversight seeks all responsive records regardless of format, medium, or physical characteristics. In conducting your search, please understand the terms "record," "document," and "information" in their broadest sense, to include any written, typed, recorded, graphic, printed, or audio material of any kind. We seek records of any kind, including electronic records, audiotapes, videotapes, and photographs, as well as letters, emails, facsimiles, telephone messages, voice mail messages and transcripts, notes, or minutes of any meetings, telephone conversations or discussions. Our request includes any attachments to these records. **No category of material should be omitted from search, collection, and production.**

Please search all records regarding agency business. You may not exclude searches of files or emails in the personal custody of your officials, such as personal email accounts. Records of official business conducted using unofficial systems or stored outside of official files is subject to the Federal Records Act and FOIA.⁵ It is not adequate to rely on policies and procedures that require officials to move such information to official systems within a certain period of time; American Oversight has a right to records contained in those files even if material has not yet been moved to official systems or if officials have, through negligence or willfulness, failed to meet their obligations.⁶

In addition, please note that in conducting a "reasonable search" as required by law, you must employ the most up-to-date technologies and tools available, in addition to searches by individual custodians likely to have responsive information. Recent technology may have rendered Education's prior FOIA practices unreasonable. In light of the government-wide requirements to manage information electronically by the end of 2016, it is no longer reasonable to rely exclusively on custodian-driven searches.⁷ Furthermore, agencies that have adopted the National Archives and Records Agency (NARA) Capstone program, or similar policies, now maintain emails in a form that is reasonably likely to be more complete than individual custodians' files. For example, a custodian may have deleted a responsive email from his or her email program, but Education's archiving tools would capture that email under Capstone. Accordingly, American Oversight insists that Education use the most up-to-date technologies to search for responsive information and take steps to ensure that the most complete repositories of information are searched. American

⁶ See Competitive Enter. Inst. v. Office of Sci. & Tech. Policy, No. 14-cv-765, slip op. at 8 (D.D.C. Dec. 12, 2016) ("The Government argues that because the agency had a policy requiring [the official] to forward all of his emails from his [personal] account to his business email, the [personal] account only contains duplicate agency records at best. Therefore, the Government claims that any hypothetical deletion of the [personal account] emails would still leave a copy of those records intact in [the official's] work email. However, policies are rarely followed to perfection by anyone. At this stage of the case, the Court cannot assume that each and every work-related email in the [personal] account was duplicated in [the official's] work email account." (citations omitted)).

⁷ Presidential Memorandum–Managing Government Records, 76 Fed. Reg. 75,423 (Nov. 28, 2011), <u>https://obamawhitehouse.archives.gov/the-press-office/2011/11/28/presidential-memorandum-managing-government-records</u>; Office of Mgmt. & Budget, Exec. Office of the President, Memorandum for the Heads of Executive Departments & Independent Agencies, "Managing Government Records Directive," M-12-18 (Aug. 24, 2012), <u>https://www.archives.gov/files/records-mgmt/m-12-18.pdf</u>.

⁵ See Competitive Enter. Inst. v. Office of Sci. & Tech. Policy, 827 F.3d 145, 149–50 (D.C. Cir. 2016); cf. Judicial Watch, Inc. v. Kerry, 844 F.3d 952, 955–56 (D.C. Cir. 2016).

Oversight is available to work with you to craft appropriate search terms. However, custodian searches are still required; agencies may not have direct access to files stored in .PST files, outside of network drives, in paper format, or in personal email accounts.

Under the FOIA Improvement Act of 2016, agencies must adopt a presumption of disclosure, withholding information "only if . . . disclosure would harm an interest protected by an exemption" or "disclosure is prohibited by law."⁸ If it is your position that any portion of the requested records is exempt from disclosure, American Oversight requests that you provide an index of those documents as required under *Vaughn v. Rosen*, 484 F.2d 820 (D.C. Cir. 1973), *cert. denied*, 415 U.S. 977 (1974). As you are aware, a *Vaughn* index must describe each document claimed as exempt with sufficient specificity "to permit a reasoned judgment as to whether the material is actually exempt under FOIA."⁹ Moreover, the *Vaughn* index "must describe *each* document or portion thereof withheld, and for *each* withholding it must discuss the consequences of disclosing the sought-after information."¹⁰ Further, "the withholding agency must supply 'a relatively detailed justification, specifically identifying the reasons why a particular exemption is relevant and correlating those claims with the particular part of a withheld document to which they apply."¹¹

In the event some portions of the requested records are properly exempt from disclosure, please disclose any reasonably segregable non-exempt portions of the requested records. If it is your position that a document contains non-exempt segments, but that those non-exempt segments are so dispersed throughout the document as to make segregation impossible, please state what portion of the document is non-exempt, and how the material is dispersed throughout the document.¹² Claims of nonsegregability must be made with the same degree of detail as required for claims of exemptions in a *Vaughn* index. If a request is denied in whole, please state specifically that it is not reasonable to segregate portions of the record for release.

You should institute a preservation hold on information responsive to this request. American Oversight intends to pursue all legal avenues to enforce its right of access under FOIA, including litigation if necessary. Accordingly, Education is on notice that litigation is reasonably foreseeable.

To ensure that this request is properly construed, that searches are conducted in an adequate but efficient manner, and that extraneous costs are not incurred, American Oversight welcomes an opportunity to discuss its request with you before you undertake your search or incur search or duplication costs. By working together at the outset, we can decrease the likelihood of costly and time-consuming litigation in the future.

Where possible, please provide responsive material in electronic format by email or in PDF or TIF format on a USB drive. Please send any responsive material being sent by mail to American Oversight, 1030 15th Street NW, Suite B255, Washington, DC 20005. If it will accelerate release of responsive records, please also provide responsive material on a rolling basis.

⁸ FOIA Improvement Act of 2016 § 2 (Pub. L. No. 114-185).

⁹ Founding Church of Scientology v. Bell, 603 F.2d 945, 949 (D.C. Cir. 1979).

¹⁰ King v. U.S. Dep't of Justice, 830 F.2d 210, 223-24 (D.C. Cir. 1987) (emphasis in original).

¹¹ *Id.* at 224 (citing *Mead Data Central, Inc. v. U.S. Dep't of the Air Force*, 566 F.2d 242, 251 (D.C. Cir. 1977)).

¹² *Mead Data Central*, 566 F.2d at 261.

Fee Waiver Request

In accordance with 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(4)(A)(iii) and 34 C.F.R. § 5.33(a), American Oversight requests a waiver of fees associated with processing this request for records. First, the subject of this request concerns the operations of the federal government, and the disclosures will likely contribute to a better understanding of relevant government procedures by the general public in a significant way.¹³ Second, the request is primarily and fundamentally for non-commercial purposes.¹⁴

Under the public interest requirement, FOIA requesters must satisfy four factors in sequence.¹⁵ American Oversight believes it has met these four factors for reasons set forth below.

The subject matter of the requested documents specifically relates to the operations or activities of the government because OCR and its staff are responsible for investigating and enforcing federal civil rights laws in educational institutions across the country. Data that has the potential to reveal the number of full time staff (including FTEs) currently in the Education bears directly on the operations and activities of the government.

Disclosure of the requested information is "in the public interest because it is likely to contribute significantly to public understanding of the operations or activities of the government."¹⁶ The administration's proposed FY 2018 budget contemplates serious cuts to Education, including elimination of agency staff in OCR.¹⁷ Additionally, Education has deprioritized federal civil rights enforcement, evident from the roll back of civil rights guarantees for transgender students in schools, and Title IX sexual harassment enforcement across college campuses.¹⁸ The public has little information to assess what Education's staffing levels were in the past, and what tangible impact its current policies are having on staffing levels at present. The requested records have the potential to shed light on how OCR has expended its resources in the past, an issue that concerns the general public. And, given that a large percentage of the nation's population will, have, or currently attend(ed) educational institutions, the records have the potential to reveal whether OCR has had adequate staff to perform its functions in the past eight years, another issue that directly bears on the public's knowledge of government activities.

¹³ 34 C.F.R. § 5.33(a)(1).

¹⁴ 34 C.F.R. § 5.33(a)(2).

¹⁵ D.C. Technical Assistance Org. Inc., v. U.S. Dep't of Hous. and Urban Dev., 85 F. Supp. 2d 46, 48-49 (D.D.C. 2000) (requested documents will contribute to "greater understanding of government activities").

¹⁶ 34 C.F.R. § 5.33(a)(1), (b)(1)–(4).

¹⁷ See Juliet Eilperin et al., supra note 4.

¹⁸ See Moriah Balingit & Danielle Douglas-Gabriel, *Inside Betsy DeVos's Efforts to Shrink the Education Department*, WASH. POST, Nov. 8, 2017,

 $[\]label{eq:https://www.washingtonpost.com/local/education/inside-betsy-devoss-efforts-to-shrink-the-education-department/2017/11/08/fc03884c-ba64-11e7-be94-}$

fabb0f1e9ffb_story.html?utm_term=.16a7165d2181; Emma Brown, Education Dept. Closes Transgender Student Cases As It Pushes to Scale Back Investigations, WASH. POST, June 17, 2017, https://www.washingtonpost.com/local/education/education-dept-closes-transgender-studentcases-as-it-pushes-to-scale-back-civil-rights-investigations/2017/06/17/08e10de2-5367-11e7-91eb-9611861a988f_story.html?utm_term=.27adfdac7da4.

American Oversight's objective is to reveal to the public at large any data it receives related to OCR's staffing levels. American Oversight has the capacity to disseminate this information as it posts all records to its public websites and publishes analyses of its records. In the past, we have successfully informed the public of specific government activities and operations. As an example, American Oversight obtained Education Secretary DeVos's calendar entries,¹⁹ which The New York Times and CNN relied on to report on the Secretary's priorities within the Education Department.²⁰

Disclosure will contribute to a greater understanding on the part of the public at large on Education's past staffing capacity to enforce civil rights laws, and thereby, reveal its overall commitment to civil rights. As taxpayers and school goers, the public is entitled to data that can enable them to assess how OCR has built its capacity to perform its core functions. Having such knowledge would allow members of the public to make informed decisions on whether they should presently submit a complaint to OCR, or pursue other avenues of reporting civil rights violations.

Disclosure will "significantly" contribute to the public's understanding of government activities or operations related to OCR's commitment to civil rights enforcement. As noted, the subject of this request is a matter of public interest, and the public's understanding of the government's activities would be enhanced through analysis and publication of these records.²¹

This request is primarily and fundamentally for non-commercial purposes.²² As a 501(c)(3) nonprofit, American Oversight does not have a commercial purpose and the release of the information requested is not in American Oversight's financial interest. American Oversight's mission is to promote transparency in government, to educate the public about government activities, and to ensure the accountability of government officials. American Oversight uses the information gathered, and its analysis of it, to educate the public through reports, press releases, or other media. American Oversight also makes materials it gathers available on its public website and promotes their availability on social media platforms, such as Facebook and Twitter.²⁸ American

¹⁹ See Influence & Access at the Department of Education, AMERICAN OVERSIGHT (Oct. 27, 2017), <u>https://www.americanoversight.org/investigation/influence-access-at-the-department-of-education</u>; Unexcused Absences: DeVos Calendars Show Frequent Days Off, AMERICAN OVERSIGHT (Oct. 27, 2017), <u>https://www.americanoversight.org/unexcused-absences-devos</u>.

²⁰ See Eric Lipton, Betsy DeVos's School Schedule Shows Focus on Religious and Non Traditional Schools, N.Y. TIMES, Oct. 27, 2017, <u>https://www.nytimes.com/2017/10/27/us/politics/betsy-devos-work-schedule-education.html</u>; Gregory Wallace et al., What Betsy DeVos's Schedule Tells Us About Her Agenda, CNN (Oct. 29, 2017 12:22 PM),

http://www.cnn.com/2017/10/28/politics/devos-schedules-education/index.html.

²² 34 C.F.R. § 5.33(c)(1)-(2).

²¹ Erica L. Green, *Education Dept. Says It Will Scale Back Civil Rights Investigations*, N.Y. TIMES, June 16, 2017, <u>https://www.nytimes.com/2017/06/16/us/politics/education-department-civil-rights-betsy-devos.html?_r=0</u>; James S. Murphy, *The Office of Civil Rights's Volatile Power*, THE ATLANTIC, Mar. 13, 2017, <u>https://www.theatlantic.com/education/archive/2017/03/the-office-for-civil-rights-volatile-power/519072/</u>; Brown, *supra* note 18.

²³ American Oversight currently has over 11,700 page likes on Facebook, and over 38,400 followers on Twitter. American Oversight, FACEBOOK, <u>https://www.facebook.com/weareoversight</u>

Oversight has demonstrated its commitment to the public disclosure of documents and creation of editorial content. For example, after receiving records regarding an ethics waiver received by a senior DOJ attorney,²⁴ American Oversight promptly posted the records to its website and published an analysis of what the records reflected about DOJ's process for ethics waivers.²⁵ As another example, American Oversight has a project called "Audit the Wall," where the organization is gathering and analyzing information and commenting on public releases of information related to the administration's proposed construction of a barrier along the U.S.-Mexico border.²⁶

Accordingly, American Oversight qualifies for a fee waiver.

Conclusion

We share a common mission to promote transparency in government. American Oversight looks forward to working with Education on this request. If you do not understand any part of this request, have any questions, or foresee any problems in fully releasing the requested records, please contact Pooja Chaudhuri at <u>foia@americanoversight.org</u> or (202) 869-5264. Also, if the request for a fee waiver is not granted in full, please contact us immediately upon making such a determination.

Sincerely,

Austin R. Evers Executive Director American Oversight

²⁵ Francisco & the Travel Ban: What We Learned from the DOJ Documents, AMERICAN OVERSIGHT, <u>https://www.americanoversight.org/francisco-the-travel-ban-what-we-learned-from-thedoj-documents</u>.

⁽last visited Jan. 2, 2018); American Oversight (@weareoversight), TWITTER (last visited Jan. 2, 2018).

²⁴ *DOJ Civil Division Response Noel Francisco Compliance*, AMERICAN OVERSIGHT, https://www.americanoversight.org/document/doj-civil-division-response-noel-franciscocompliance.

²⁶ Audit the Wall, AMERICAN OVERSIGHT, www.auditthewall.org.